SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Arapahoe County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Sorrel Ranch Metropolitan District Arapahoe County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sorrel Ranch Metropolitan District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Sorrel Ranch Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The other information, as listed in the table of contents, has not been subject to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sincerely,

Wipfli LLP

Lakewood, Colorado

Wipfli LLP

September 29, 2020



SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 221,533
Cash and Investments - Restricted	44,514
Accounts Receivable - Other	2,000
Receivable - County Treasurer	5,968
Property Taxes Receivable	1,004,191
Prepaid Expenses	2,976_
Total Assets	1,281,182
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	15,131
Payroll Taxes Payable	352
Due to TOUSA	43,700
Accrued Interest Payable	40,469
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	529,185
Due in More Than One Year	16,938,154_
Total Liabilities	17,566,991
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenues	1,004,191_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,004,191
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	3,900
Debt Service	5,532
Unrestricted	(17,299,432)
Total Net Position	\$ (17,290,000)

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			Program Revenues		Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 98,065	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (98,065)	
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	(13,969,512)				13,969,512	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ (13,871,447)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	13,871,447	
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Administration Fee ARI Revenue Total General Revenues						
	CHANGE IN NET	15,184,080				
	Net Position - Beg	(17,112,234)				
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ (1,928,154)	

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General			Debt Service		Capital Projects		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$	221,533 3,900	\$	40,614	\$	-	\$	221,533 44,514
Receivable - County Treasurer Accounts Receivable Property Taxes Receivable		581 2,000 121,445		5,387 - 860,238		- - 22,508		5,968 2,000 1,004,191
Prepaid Expenses		2,976		-		-		2,976
Total Assets LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	352,435	\$	906,239	\$	22,508	\$	1,281,182
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable Payroll Taxes Payable Due to TOUSA Total Liabilities	\$	15,131 352 43,700 59,183	\$	- - - -	\$	- - -	\$	15,131 352 43,700 59,183
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property Tax Revenues Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		121,445 121,445		860,238 860,238		22,508 22,508		1,004,191 1,004,191
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable: Prepaid Expense Restricted for:		2,976		-		-		2,976
Emergency Reserves Debt Service		3,900		46,001		-		3,900 46,001
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		164,931 171,807		46,001		-		164,931 217,808
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	352,435	\$	906,239	\$	22,508		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:								
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.								
Bonds Payable Bond Premium Accrued Bond Interest								(13,425,000) (1,654,298) (40,469)
Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interest on Developer Advance								(1,290,861) (1,097,180)
Net Position of Governmental Activities							\$	(17,290,000)

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 General		Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 116,584	\$	1,081,546	\$ -	\$	1,198,130
Specific Ownership Taxes	8,411		78,028	_		86,439
Interest Income	1,271		1,586	_		2,857
Administration Fee	3,600		_	_		3,600
ARI Revenue from Property Taxes	· -		_	21,607		21,607
Total Revenues	 129,866		1,161,160	21,607		1,312,633
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting	21,242		-	-		21,242
Audit	3,650		-	-		3,650
County Treasurer's Fees	1,750		16,230	324		18,304
Director Fees	2,100		-	-		2,100
District Management	18,296		-	-		18,296
Dues and Membership	320		-	-		320
Election	893		-	-		893
Insurance and Bonds	2,910		-	-		2,910
Legal	24,572		-	-		24,572
Miscellaneous	725		-	-		725
Bond Interest - Series 2006 - Senior	-		290,806	-		290,806
Bond Interest - Series 2020	-		71,495			71,495
Bond Issue Costs	-		485,372	-		485,372
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees	-		2,021	-		2,021
SARIA Payment	-		-	21,283		21,283
Total Expenditures	76,458		865,924	21,607		963,989
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	53,408		295,236	-		348,644
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond Proceeds	-		13,425,000	-		13,425,000
Bond Premium	-		1,674,053	-		1,674,053
Refunding Payment	-	((15,361,846)	-	(15,361,846)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(262,793)	-		(262,793)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	53,408		32,443	-		85,851
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 118,399		13,558			131,957
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 171,807	\$	46,001	\$ 	\$	217,808

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$85,851

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds record the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Bond Issuance	(13,425,000)
Bond Premium	(1,674,053)
Principal Repayment - Series 2006 Senior	10,115,000
Principal Repayment - Series 2006 Subordinate	2,720,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Amortization of Bond Premium	19,755	
Accrued Interest on Developer Advances - Change in Liability	(63,201)	
Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	2,043,882	2,000,436

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$\(\(\frac{177,766}{\}\)

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budget Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Property Taxes	\$	116,584	\$	116,584	\$	116,584	\$	-	
Specific Ownership Taxes		6,995		6,995		8,411		1,416	
Interest Income		3,000		3,000		1,271		(1,729)	
Administration Fee		1,500		1,500		3,600		2,100	
Total Revenues		128,079		128,079	'	129,866		1,787	
EXPENDITURES									
Accounting		20,000		22,000		21,242		758	
Audit		3,500		3,500		3,650		(150)	
County Treasurer's Fees		1,749		1,749		1,750		` (1)	
Director Fees		1,600		2,100		2,100		-	
District Management		18,000		18,000		18,296		(296)	
Dues and Membership		450		450		320		130	
Election		1,000		1,000		893		107	
Insurance and Bonds		3,300		3,300		2,910		390	
Legal Services		18,000		25,000		24,572		428	
Miscellaneous		500		500		725		(225)	
Contingency		2,901		2,401		-		2,401	
Total Expenditures		71,000		80,000		76,458		3,542	
		,						-,	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		57,079		48,079		53,408		5,329	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		98,914		118,399		118,399			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	155,993	\$	166,478	\$	171,807	\$	5,329	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Sorrel Ranch Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, located entirely in the city of Aurora, Arapahoe County, Colorado, was organized on December 31, 2002, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was established to provide for the design, construction, acquisition, and financing of certain public improvements including street, safety protection, water, sanitation, storm drainage, mosquito control, and park and recreation facilities and improvements. The District operates pursuant to an Amended and Restated Service Plan, as approved on August 30, 2004, and modified on August 14, 2006 by the City Council of the city of Aurora the "Service Plan".

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization

Original Issue Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 221,533
Cash and Investments - Restricted	44,514
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 266,047

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 48,483
Investments	 217,564
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 266,047

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2020, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$49,255 and a carrying balance of \$48,483.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District's formal investment policy is to follow state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average	_
	Under 60 Days	\$ 217,564

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	D	Balance - ecember 31, 2019	Additions	ı	Reductions	D	Balance - ecember 31, 2020	Due Within Ine Year
Governmental Activities:								
G.O. Limited Tax Bonds:								
Series 2006 - Senior	\$	10,115,000	\$ -	\$	10,115,000	\$	-	\$ -
Series 2006 -								
Subordinate		2,720,000	-		2,720,000		-	-
Series 2020		-	13,425,000		-		13,425,000	395,000
Bond premium		-	1,674,053		19,755		1,654,298	134,185
Developer Advances								
Operating		289,574	-		-		289,574	-
Capital		1,001,287	-		-		1,001,287	-
Accrued Interest on								
Developer Advances								
Operating		232,967	14,178		-		247,145	-
Capital		801,012	49,023		-		850,035	-
Total	\$	15,159,840	\$ 15,162,254	\$	12,854,755	\$	17,467,339	\$ 529,185

\$11,675,000 Senior General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2006, dated September 22, 2006, with interest of 5.75% (Senior 2006 Bonds). The District issued the Senior 2006 Bonds to pay project costs and costs of issuance. Interest is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. The bonds are term bonds due December 1, 2036, with mandatory sinking fund redemptions beginning December 1, 2010, and on every December 1 thereafter. All of the bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District on December 1, 2016, and on any date thereafter without call premium.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$2,735,000 Subordinate General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2006, dated September 22, 2006, with interest of 6.75% (Subordinate 2006 Bonds). The District issued the Subordinate 2006 Bonds to pay project costs and costs of issuance. Interest is payable annually on December 15. The bonds are term bonds due December 15, 2036, with mandatory sinking fund redemptions beginning December 15, 2010, and on every December 15 thereafter. All of the bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District on December 15, 2016, and on any date thereafter without call premium.

The Senior 2006 Bonds and Subordinate 2006 Bonds (collectively the 2006 Bonds) are secured by the Pledged Revenues and all monies and earnings thereon held in the Funds or accounts created under the terms of separate Indenture of Trusts, each dated September 1, 2006, between the District and American National Bank (ANB), as trustee. The Senior 2006 Bonds Pledged Revenue consist of revenues derived from the imposition of the Required Mill Levy remitted to the District, Capital Fees including Facility Fees, Specific Ownership Taxes attributable to the Required Mill Levy, and any other legally available monies of the District credited to the Bond Fund (Senior Pledged Revenue). The Subordinate 2006 Bonds pledged revenue consists of the Required Mill Levy, Capital Fees including Facility Fees, Specific Ownership Taxes attributable to the Required Mill Levy, any monies credited to the Senior 2006 Surplus Fund on the date the Senior 2006 Surplus Fund is terminated pursuant to the terms of the Series 2006 Senior Indenture; and any other legally available funds which the District determines to credit to the Subordinate 2006 Bond Fund.

The Senior 2006 Bond and Subordinate 2006 Bonds were refunded in their entirety on October 8, 2020 with the proceeds of the Series 2020 Refunding Bonds (as discussed below) and are no longer outstanding.

Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 On October 8, 2020, the District issued its Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (the Series 2020 Bonds) for the purpose of paying the costs to refund the Senior 2006 Bonds and the Subordinate 2006 Bonds, purchasing the Insurance Policy and the Reserve Fund Insurance Policy (as such terms are defined below), and paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2020 Bonds.

The Series 2020 Bonds are secured and payable from the Pledged Revenue consisting of the moneys derived from the following sources, net of any costs of collection: (i) the Required Mill Levy; (ii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (iii) any other legally available moneys which the Board determines to credit to the Bond Fund. The District has covenanted to impose the Required Mill Levy on all taxable property of the District (but not beyond the Maximum Debt Mill Levy Imposition Term to the extent required by the Service Plan), in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Series 2020 Bonds as they become due and payable, and to replenish the Reserve Fund in the amount of the Reserve Fund Requirement (as discussed below), but not in excess of 50.000 mills, as adjusted.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The scheduled payment of principal of and interest on the Series 2020 Bonds when due are guaranteed under an insurance policy issued concurrently with the delivery of the Series 2020 Bonds by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp (the Insurance Policy). The Series 2020 Bonds are also secured by amounts on deposit in the Reserve Fund which is funded by a Municipal Bond Debt Service Reserve Insurance Policy (the "Reserve Fund Insurance Policy") in the amount of the Reserve Fund Requirement. The Reserve Fund Requirement is the lesser of (i) 10% of the proceeds of the Series 2020 Bonds, (ii) the maximum annual principal and interest payable with respect to the Series 2020 Bonds, or (iii) 125% of the average annual principal and interest payable with respect to the Series 2020 Bonds.

The Series 2020 Bonds were issued as serial bonds and term bonds bearing interest at 2.00% to 5.00%, payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2020. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2021. The serial bonds maturing on and after December 1, 2031 are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, as a whole or in multiples of \$5,000, on December 1, 2030, with no redemption premium.

The District's long-term obligations relating to the Series 2020 Bonds will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$ 395,000		\$ 485,625	\$	880,625
2022	405,000		477,725		882,725
2023	415,000		469,625		884,625
2024	420,000		461,325		881,325
2025	445,000		440,325		885,325
2026-2030	2,570,000		1,845,875		4,415,875
2031-2035	3,210,000		1,201,075		4,411,075
2036-2040	3,870,000		541,675		4,411,675
2041-2042	1,695,000		63,750		1,758,750
Total	\$ 13,425,000		\$ 5,987,000	\$	19,412,000

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

On November 5, 2002, a majority of the qualified electors of the District who voted in the election authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$34,644,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. In the November 2, 2004 election, a majority of the qualified electors of the District voted for a phased tax increase up to \$35,000,000 and to authorize the District to enter into one or more multiple fiscal year obligations evidenced by an intergovernmental agreement for the provisions of regional improvements. Remaining authorized but unissued debt at December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	-	Authorized				Re	emaining at
	Nove	ember 5, 2002	Authorization			De	cember 31,
		Election	Used				2020
Streets	\$	5,161,000	\$	4,655,870		\$	505,130
Safety Protection		711,000		708,972			2,028
Park and Recreation		6,278,000		4,413,783			1,864,217
Water		619,000		534,611			84,389
Sanitation		4,453,000		4,096,764			356,236
Operations		200,000		-			200,000
Refunding		17,222,000		13,425,000			3,797,000
Total	\$	34,644,000	\$	27,835,000		\$	6,809,000

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$35,000,000.

Authorized Debt (Continued)

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

Operation Funding Agreements

The District entered into various Operation Funding Agreements with Engle Homes Colorado, a division of TOUSA Homes, Inc. (the Developer), whereby the Developer agreed to fund any shortfall in operating costs from 2003 to 2007. In accordance with the Operation Funding Agreements, payments made to repay these operating advances are subject to annual budget and appropriation with interest rates at 3% above the 20-year AAA Municipal Market Data rate. The interest rate is set each January 1 for the upcoming year. The interest rate for 2020 was 5.840%. The term of the Agreement extends until December 31, 2027 unless terminated earlier by mutual agreement of the parties. The balance owed to the Developer pursuant to the Operation Funding Agreements was \$289,574 for principal and \$247,145 for accrued interest as of December 31, 2020. All budgeted repayments shall be made on December 1st of each year.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement

Effective January 1, 2007, the District entered into the Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement - 2007 (2007 FFAA) with the Developer, whereby the Developer agreed to design and construct public improvements within the District. The District agreed to purchase these improvements from the Developer for the costs incurred to construct them. The 2007 FFAA includes interest of 3.98% for 2007 and adjusted each January 1 to be 300 basis points above the 20-year AAA Municipal Market Data rate to be paid to the Developer for the acquisition of these improvements. The balance owed to the Developer for advances as of December 31, 2020, was \$1,001,287 for principal and \$850,035 for accrued interest. No payment is required under the 2007 FFAA unless and until such time the District issues bonds for this purpose and in an amount sufficient to acquire a part or all of such improvements, or to reimburse Developer for part or all of the Developer advances

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2020, as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 3,900
Debt Service	5,532
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 9,432

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

Intergovernmental Agreement with the City of Aurora

In November 2004, the District entered into the Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) between the City of Aurora (the City) and the District (the Amended City IGA). The Amended City IGA completely replaces the original Intergovernmental Agreement entered into by the District and the City on October 10, 2003. The IGA defines and clarifies the services which the District may provide, as well as those services which the District is prohibited from providing. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is required to impose the Aurora Regional Improvement (ARI) Mill Levy upon the District's residents. This mill levy is 1.000 mill for 20 years, which for this purpose begins the first year that the District certifies a debt service mill levy. The levy increases to 5.000 mills for years 21 through 40 or the date of repayment of the debt incurred for public improvements, other than regional improvements, whichever occurs first. For the 10 years subsequent to the period where the 5.000 mills is imposed, the ARI mill levy is the average of the debt service mill levy for the previous 10 years.

Aurora Regional Transportation Authority

In 2006, the District, along with other metropolitan districts within Aurora, entered into the Aurora Regional Transportation Authority (ARTA) Establishment Agreement (ARTA Agreement). The ARTA Agreement was amended on August 14, 2007, February 20, 2008, July 21, 2008, and June 11, 2009, to add additional metropolitan district members. ARTA will plan, design, acquire, construct, relocate, redevelop, and finance regional improvements within the boundaries of the metropolitan districts which are a party to the ARTA Agreement using the ARI revenue from each of the districts. In accordance with the IGA, the City has the right to appoint no less than 30% and no more than 49% of the ARTA Board. On August 1, 2017, the District resigned from ARTA, in order to join the South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority.

South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority

On December 8, 2017, the District along with other metropolitan districts within Aurora, entered into the South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority (SARIA) Establishment Agreement (SARIA Agreement) with the City. The Authority was formed to provide functions and services necessary to acquire, construct, finance, maintain, and manage certain regional improvements that are identified and agreed upon by the City and the member districts.

The SARIA Agreement provides that the Authority may adopt an ARI master plan, pursuant to the Code and Service Plans of the districts. SARIA will prioritize and support the completion of the regional improvements as identified in the ARI Master Plan. In order to fund these projects, SARIA may issue revenue bonds or other multi-fiscal year financial obligations, subject to its sole discretion, secured by the pledged revenues of the ARI Mill Levies by each of the districts and other funds legally available to SARIA.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority (Continued)

On October 2, 2018, the SARIA Agreement was amended by the First Amendment to the South Aurora Regional Improvement Authority Establishment Agreement (First Amendment) in conjunction with the issuance of SARIA's Special Revenue Bonds, Series 2018 (SARIA Bonds). SARIA issued its SARIA Bonds in the amount of \$11,265,000 on December 19, 2018. The District is obligated to pledge its ARI Mill Levy Revenues to the repayment of the SARIA Bonds pursuant to the terms of the SARIA Agreement and the First Amendment.

Facilities Fees Agreement

The District adopted a Resolution regarding the imposition of facilities fees recorded on August 19, 2003 in the real property records of Arapahoe County (Fee Resolution). The Fee Resolution imposes a Facilities Fee of \$2,000 on each single-family residential unit and a Facilities Fee of \$500 on each multi-family residential unit. The fees are payable by homebuilders at the time of issuance of building permits. The revenue from the fees is pledged for payment of bonds or any other indebtedness of the District.

Facilities Fees Agreement (Continued)

In order to guarantee timely payment of the 2006 Bonds, TOUSA and the District entered into a Facilities Fee Agreement dated September 20, 2006, to which TOUSA Homes, Inc. (TOUSA) guaranteed the payment of Facility Fees on a semi-annual schedule through May 15, 2011. Pursuant to this Facilities Fee Agreement, TOUSA has guaranteed the payment of a total \$897,000 in Facilities Fees. The guaranty requires payment each May 15 and November 15 for any shortfall of the scheduled Facilities Fees for that period. As of December 31, 2020, the obligation was fulfilled, and no outstanding amount remained.

Facilities Fees will be collected by the District for each residential unit that was not platted at the time TOUSA guaranteed the payment of fees. In 2020, the District did not collect any fees outside the Agreement.

Reimbursement Agreements (Facility Fees)

On November 15, 2010, the District entered into the Reimbursement Agreement (Facilities Fees) with TOUSA Recovery Acquisition, LLC (TRA). The Agreement acknowledges that all prepayments under the Facilities Fee Agreement have been made and that in conjunction with TRA's purchase of property within the District, TRA is entitled to reimbursement as a result of such prepayments. The Agreement provides that, as additional Facilities Fees are collected, the District will reimburse TRA quarterly for the prepaid fees, less a \$100 administration fee and any escrow expenses, to cover the District's costs. In 2020, the District collected \$3,600 of Administration Fees.

Harvest Road IGA

On September 28, 2018, the District and SARIA entered into South Aurora Regional Improvement Project Participation Agreement – Harvest Road Improvements Projects (Harvest Road IGA), whereby the District agreed to contribute \$100,000 to SARIA for a portion of the costs associated with the construction, extension, and completion of South Harvest Road. The District had transferred the \$100,000 contribution to SARIA in 2018.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 5, 2002, the District's voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$200,000, annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operational and maintenance costs.

On November 2, 2004, a majority of the qualified electors of the District voted for a phased tax increase up to \$35,000,000.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Bud Original	get	Final	-	Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES			-				,
Property Taxes	\$ 1,081,571	\$	1,081,571	\$ 1	1,081,546	\$	(25)
Specific Ownership Taxes	64,894		64,894		78,028		13,134
Interest Income	4,000		4,000		1,586		(2,414)
Bond Proceeds	-		13,425,000	13	3,425,000		-
Bond Premium	 -		1,674,053	1	1,674,053		-
Total Revenues	1,150,465		16,249,518	16	5,260,213		10,695
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's Fees	16,224		16,224		16,230		(6)
Bond Interest - Series 2006 - Senior	581,612		290,806		290,806		-
Bond Principal - Senior Bonds	465,000						-
Bond Issue Costs	-		490,000		485,372		4,628
Bond Interest - Series 2020	-		71,495		71,495		-
Refunding Payment	-		15,361,850	15	5,361,846		4
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees	2,500		2,500		2,021		479
Contingency	 2,664		17,125		-		17,125
Total Expenditures	1,068,000		16,250,000	16	5,227,770		22,230
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	82,465		(482)		32,443		32,925
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 13,548		13,558		13,558		-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 96,013	\$	13,076	\$	46,001	\$	32,925

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	ar	Original nd Final Budget	-	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES ARI Revenues from Property Taxes	\$	21,607	\$	21,607	\$	_	
Total Revenues	_Ψ	21,607	_Ψ	21,607	_Ψ	-	
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's Fees		324		324		-	
SARIA Payment		21,283		21,283			
Total Expenditures		21,607		21,607		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year							
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$		

OTHER INFORMATION

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2020

\$13,425,000 Limited Tax General Obligation Refunding Bonds Dated October 8, 2020

Principal Payable December 1 2.00% - 5.00% Interest Payable

Bonds and Interest Maturing in the

and interest	2.00 /0 - 3.00 /0 Interest Fayable									
Maturing in the	June 1 and December 1									
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest	Total					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
2021	\$	395,000	\$	485,625	\$	880,625				
2022		405,000		477,725		882,725				
2023		415,000		469,625		884,625				
2024		420,000		461,325		881,325				
2025		445,000		440,325		885,325				
2026		465,000		418,075		883,075				
2027		490,000		394,825		884,825				
2028		510,000		370,325		880,325				
2029		540,000		344,825		884,825				
2030		565,000		317,825		882,825				
2031		595,000		289,575		884,575				
2032		615,000		265,775		880,775				
2033		640,000		241,175		881,175				
2034		665,000		215,575		880,575				
2035		695,000		188,975		883,975				
2036		720,000		161,175		881,175				
2037		750,000		132,375		882,375				
2038		780,000		102,375		882,375				
2039		800,000		82,875		882,875				
2040		820,000		62,875		882,875				
2041		840,000		42,375		882,375				
2042		855,000		21,375		876,375				
Total	\$	13,425,000	\$	5,987,000	\$	19,412,000				

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Year Ended	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property		Mills Levied for		Tot Property		Percent Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	General (1)	Debt Service	ARI	 Levied	Collected	to Levied
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	14,068,670 14,095,777 15,455,005 15,502,230 19,430,691	6.146 6.000 6.000 6.000 6.000	50.000 50.000 55.277 55.277 55.663	1.000 1.000 1.105 1.105 1.112	803,968 803,460 964,114 967,060 1,219,762	789,900 803,460 964,114 967,060 1,219,737	98.25 100.00 100.00 100.00 100.00
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2021	\$ 20,240,887	6.000	42.500	1.112	\$ 1,004,191		

^{(1) 2016} General Fund mill levy includes .146 mills related to refunds and abatements.

Note: Property taxes collected in any one year may include the collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific assessment.

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURES OF ANNAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2020

CONTINUING DISCLOSURES OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SORREL RANCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONTINUING DISCLOSURES OF ANNAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2020

History of District's Assessed Valuation and Mill Levies

Levy/Collection	To	tal Assessed	Percent		Total		
Year		Valuation	Change	General (1)	Debt Service	ARI	Levy
2015/2016		14,068,670	-	6.146	50.000	1.000	57.146
2016/2017		14,095,777	0.2%	6.000	50.000	1.000	57.000
2017/2018		15,455,005	9.6	6.000	55.277	1.105	62.382
2018/2019		15,502,230	0.3	6.000	55.277	1.105	62.382
2019/2020		19,430,691	25.3	6.000	55.663	1.112	62.775
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,							
2021	\$	20,240,887	4.2	6.000	42.500	1.112	49.612

^{(1) 2016} General Fund mill levy includes .146 mills related to refunds and abatements.

Property Tax Collections from the District

Levy/Collection Year	Taxes Levied	_	ırrent Tax ollections	Percent of Levy Collected		
2014/2015	\$ 657,941	\$	655,956	99.70%		
2015/2016	803,968		803,969	100%		
2016/2017	803,460		803,460	100%		
2017/2018	964,114		964,114	100%		
2018/2019	967,060		967,060	100%		
2019/2020	1,219,762		1,219,737	100%		
2020/2021	1,004,191		-	-		

Ten Largest Tax Payers in the District for 2020

			Percentage of
	Assessed		Total Assessed
Taxpayer Name	Valuation		Valuation
Public SVC CO	\$	440,760	2.18%
TOUSA Recovery Acquisition LLC		313,200	1.55%
Colorado 510 LLC		208,800	1.03%
Private Homeowner No. 1		45,103	0.22%
Private Homeowner No. 2		44,681	0.22%
Private Homeowner No. 3		43,673	0.22%
Private Homeowner No. 4		41,084	0.20%
Private Homeowner No. 5		40,663	0.20%
Private Homeowner No. 6		40,434	0.20%
Private Homeowner No. 7		40,169	0.20%
	\$	1,258,567	6.22%